

Part of the Frank Field **Education Trust**

Year 11 Science

Learning Programme 3

The LORIC skill focus for his LP is: RESILIENCE Literacy Non-Negotiables: Capital letters must be used at the start of The values for this LP are COMPASSION and HONESTY Respect - treat others how you would wish to be treated yourself. sentences and for the first letter of proper Justice - our College rules are fair and reasonable Full stops must be used at the end of a

What will I be learning about in this Learning Programme?

You will be learning about how living things adapt and survive in different environments, including the adaptations of plants and animals. In chemistry, you will explore the levelopment of the periodic table, electronic structure, and the properties of Groups 1 and 7. You will learn about states of matter, how atoms form ions, and the different types of bonding—ionic, covalent, and metallic—as well as structures like giant lattices, fullerenes, and graphene. You will also develop skills in chemical calculations, including relative masses, moles, and concentrations, and learn to write balanced equations. Later, you will study the reactivity series, displacement reactions, and methods for extracting metals, along with how salts are made and the processes of neutralisation and pH. Finally, you will understand the differences between strong and weak acids and why they matter Throughout this programme, you will improve your practical and literacy skills, apply your knowledge to real-world contexts, and build problem-solving and analytical abilities.

entence Question marks must be used at the end of

- question Apostrophes should only be used for
- possession or omission Days of the week and months must be
- spelled correctly Key words must be spelled correctly

Where have I seen this learning before?

You have seen much of this learning before in earlier science lessons at Key Stage 3. For example, you have already explored basic ideas about adaptation and survival in biology, looking at how animals and plants cope with different environments. In chemistry, you have leamed about the periodic table, simple patterns in elements, and basic properties of metals and non-metals. You have also studied states of matter, particle models, and simple bonding ideas like how atoms join together. Concepts such as neutralisation, pH scale and making salts were introduced when you first leamed about acids and alkalis. These topics now build on that foundation by going deeper into calculations, bonding structures, reactivity, and energy changes, helping you connect what you already know to more advanced GCSE-level ideas.

Vocabulary to be taught using the Frayer nodel

These science topics are vital because they connect classroom learning to real-world applications and future careers. Adaptation and survival underpin ecology, medicine, and

agreed and constitute species and develop restricted ops. The periodic and domine state are distinct and in critical stay, engineering and real areas.	
creation of new materials and medicines. Bonding explains substance properties and supports nanotechnology and chemical engineering. Calculations involving moles and	
concentrations are key in pharmaceuticals, industry, and environmental monitoring. Reactivity and salts link to metallurgy, energy storage, and agriculture, while acids and bases are	
crucial in healthcare and manufacturing. Mastering these topics prepares students for technology, sustainability, and innovation.	

In LP3.1, I will know:	05/01/26 - (WK 2)	Frayer Model Words	Homework
How organisms adapt to survive in different environments.			Complete your weekly homework on
Key adaptations in animals and plants for survival. IGNITION			https://sparxmaths.com/
Why adaptation is important for evolution and biodiversity.		Adaptation	
In LP3.2, I will know:	12/01/26 - (WK 1)	Frayer Model Words	Homework
How the periodic table was developed and organized			Complete your weekly homework on
How electronic structure relates to the periodic table.			https://sparxmaths.com/

How electronic structure relates to the periodic table.		https://sparxmaths.com/
Properties and trends of Group 1 (alkali metals) and Group 7 (halogens)	Structure	

In LP3.3, I Will know:	19/01/26 - (WK 2)	Frayer Model Words	Homework
The differences between solids, liquids, and gases (states of matter).			Complete your weekly homework on
How atoms form ions and why this happens.			https://sparxmaths.com/
How ionic and covalent bonding create different structures.		Matter	

roperties of fullerenes and graphene and their uses. Complete your weekly homework on low metallic bonding works and why metals conduct electricity https://sparxmaths.com/

low bonding affects the properties of substances.

How to express concentrations in different ways.

How to calculate relative masses and moles in chemical reactions How to write and balance chemical equations accurately

Bonding

Equation

Complete your weekly homework on https://sparxmaths.com/

In LP3.6, I will know:	09/02/26 - (WK 1)	Frayer Model Words	Homework
The reactivity series and ho	w it predicts reactions.		Complete your weekly homework or
How displacement reaction	s occur and what they show		https://sparxmaths.com/
How metals are extracted ar	nd why reactivity matters.	Reactivity	

Complete your weekly homework on view my learning, recalling and applying key knowledge, and focus on closing any gaps in my knowledge https://sparxmaths.com Knowledge

02/03/26 - (WK 1) Frayer Model Words

How salts are made from metals and insoluble base Complete your weekly homework on ow neutralisation works and what the pH scale shows. https://sparxmaths.com/ The difference between strong and weak acids and their uses

Extended Task.

FET Award Challenge for this Learning Programme

fou are a scientist working on a project to design a sustainable habitat on another planet. Your challenge is to ensure life can adapt, resources can be managed, and chemical processes are efficient.



