

History



	KS3 Curriculum Plan							
	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5			
TOPIC	Pre-1066 Britain	The Norman conquest	Life in Medieval Britain	Tudor England	Civil wars around the world			
Knowledge	Background of settlers to Britain before 1066, their impact through social, religious and power drive aspects.	How William conquored England and what methods he used to maintain power and control - from pleasing the church to the Harrying of the North.	Explore life different aspects of life in Medieval Britain religion, power struggles and the emergence of parliament and the status of health and illness	Identify the Tudor timeline, giving examples of each Tudor monarchs features and religious agenda. Exploring the problems that instability of power and religion bought to England, how these problems were overcome and the link to modern day disersity	Explore what a Civil War is, what caused Civil wars in at least three different countries, the events and the short and long term impacts on a country.			
Procedural Knowledge	Analysis of sources, apply knowledge and understanding of historical concepts, terms and issues to contexts and actions. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of Historical concepts, terms, and issues. Year 7 skill stems: Describe features of; this source is positive/negative. How do you know; explain							
Key Vocab	Chronology, century, timelines, migrants, hierarchy, Pagan, religion, social, thanes, ceorls, slave, taxes, claimants, Witan, invasion, rivals, respect, Channel, retreat, describe, feature, cause, events, consequences, power economy	Feudal system, villain, census, defence, Motte and Bailey, change, continuity, peasant, villain, freeman	tithe, pilgrimage, Magna Carta, parliament, government, disease, population, effects, positive, negative, revolt, poll tax, cause, consequence, change, continuity	Union, Catholic, Protestant, heir, reformations, heretic, religious settlement, Papal Bull, Act of Uniformity, Act of Supremacy, Divine right of Kings, Great chain of Being	Civil war, Divine right of Kings, ship tax, dissolve, slavery, sectionalism, expansion, abolitionists, Declaration of Independence, emancipation proclamation, ideology, economy			

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ТОРІС	Industrial Revolution and its impact on Victorian England	The British Empire and slavery	Abolition of slavery and the development of Civil Rights	World War One	World War One	
Knowledge	Understanding of how industry changed Britain and propelled it forward economically while exploring the impact industrialisation had on England, knowledge of the living conditions at the time and how important discoveries helped improve this, knowledge of the early stages of public health in England and the reasons for improvements	Develop an understanding of the links between industrialisation and building an Empire. Explore the links between the 'successes' of an Empire and the increased development of the slave trade. Evaluate the impact of an Empire on Britain and its colonies as well as gaining and insight to slavery.	Explore resistance to slavery, why calls to abolish it began forming. Exploring the connection between the abolition of slavery and the development of Civil rights, linking these to modern day protests to explore understand of protests and positive changes.	impacted the world and how the British government	Continuation of the British governments approach to war and its impact, then exploring the end and consequences of WWI around the world.	
Procedural Knowledge	Analysis of sources, apply knowledge and understanding of historical concepts, terms and issues to contexts and actions. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of Historical concepts, terms, and issues. Retrieval of year 7 skill stems: Describe features of; this source is positive/negative. How do you know; explain Year 8 skill stems: how and why are interpretations different; how useful are sources in a historian studying					
Key Vocab	Government, population, industry, land use, inventions, urbanisation, Monarch, interpretation, housing, cholera, dysentery, epidemic, public health, contagion, positive, negative	Empire, imperialism, colonies, democracy, infrastructure, exploitation, archaic, transportation, slavery, middle passage, plantations, auction, interpretation	supremacy, lynching, protest, apartheid, reform, decolonisation, equality, consequences	Alliance, entente, arms race, imperialism, nationalism, militarism, trigger, propaganda, conscription, recruitment, stalemate, shell shock, no-man's land, Somme, Ypres, Passchendaele, tactics, artillery, front	Cowardice, conscientious objector, pacifism, DORA, Homefront, rationing, daylight saving, colonies, Gurkhas, attrition, cavalry, decolonisation, independence, Treaty of Versailles, armistice,	

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TOPIC	Dictatorships	The development of Russia	World War Two	The Holocaust	20th-21st Century cultural influences		
Knowledge	Exploring the different political ideologies around the world, how dictatorships differ from democracies and how dictators impact a country, it's social and economic development and explore how opposite sides can view key individuals as a terrorist or a freedom fighter and the need for allies and to increase influence	Develop an understanding of the rise of Russia as a superpower and explore the consequences of different ideologies in Russia. Understand how the changes and development in Russia impacts modern day politics and events.	Understanding how after it was promised there would never be another World war, it occurred and political, economic, and social reasons for this.	Holocaust, genocide, persecution, Kristallnacht, Aryan, ghetto, interpretation, concentration camp, passive and active resistance, liberation, persecutor, bystander	President, communist, conspiracy, space race, justice, Civil rights, ideology, culture, influence, colony, religion, social, communities, diversity, cuisine, art, Literature, theatre, music, sports, leisure, religion, language		
Procedural Knowledge	Analysis of sources, apply knowledge and understanding of historical concepts, terms and issues to contexts and actions. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of Historical concepts, terms, and issues. Retrieval of year 7 and 8 skill stems: Describe features of; this source is positive/negative. How do you know; explain; how and why are interpretations different; how useful are sources in a historian studying Year 9 skill stems: write and account of; explain which factor is more important; how convincing is the source; which interpretation is more convincing						
Key Vocab	Dictator, dictatorship, fascism, monarchy, political spectrum, left wing, right wing, nationalist, Fuhrer, socialism, atheist, supreme leader, central committee, personality cult, social, economic, political, deposed, imperialism, autobahn, centrist, Weimar Republic, ideology, independence, civil war, parliament,	Superpower, socio-economic, Tsarism, revolution, Rasputin, communism, political movement, April thesis, manifesto, Trotsky	Churchill, Mussolini, Hitler, dictator, foreign policy, Blitzkrieg, spitfire, Blitz, evacuation, Operation Pied Piper, Land army, ATS, Homefront, rationing	Marshall plan, allies, blockage, missile, Castro, napalm,	President, communist, conspiracy, space race, justice, Civil rights, ideology, culture, influence, colony, religion, social, communities, diversity, cuisine, art, Literature, theatre, music, sports, leisure, religion, language		